Citation Number 10288				Report April 9,	
Facility name Aspire of Perry			Survey dates March 20, 2024 - March 27, 2024		7, 2024
Facility address 2625 Iowa Street					
City Perry		JB			
Rule or Code Section	N	lature of Violation	Class	Fine Amount	Correction Date
58.28(3)e	facility shall be reamaintenance of a and personnel. (II 58.28(3) Resident e. Each resident sl to protect against elements in the en DESCRIPTION Based on clinical r facility policy revious residents with imp facility unattende elopement (Resid alarm malfunction despite the facility malfunctioning ala alarm repaired. Du alarm, the facility impaired resident proximity to the H highway (55+ mile likelihood of Resid injury, or death. V malfunctioned, th	-	Class I	\$5000.00 Held in Suspension	Upon Receipt

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	function. The facility had at least 3 cognitively		
	impaired residents who wandered the facility, with		
	at least 2 residents without a wandering alert		
	device, thus relying only on the front door alarm to		
	notify staff if the resident left the building. This		
	failure resulted in a likelihood of serious injury or		
	death, therefore, causing an Immediate Jeopardy to		
	the health, safety, and security of the residents.		
	The State Agency informed the facility of the		
	Immediate Jeopardy (IJ) that began as of March		
	13th, 2024 on March 21st, 2024 at 12:00 PM.		
	The Facility Staff removed the Immediate Jeopardy		
	on March 21st, 2024 through the following actions:		
	a. The facility implemented 24-hour continuous		
	monitoring by a staff member of the door with the		
	malfunctioning door alarm 3/21/24.		
	b. The continuous monitoring will remain in effect		
	until the door alarm is fixed.		
	c. The facility completed an audit on 3/21/24 of all		
	external facility doors to ensure no other doors		
	malfunctioned.		
	d. The facility contacted the Door Security Company		
	on 3/21/24.		
	e. The Door Security Company reported they would		
	come to the facility on 3/22/24 to fix the door		
	alarm.		
	f. The facility educated all staff on 3/21/24 on the		
	door alarm system. In addition, when they need to		
	immediately notify the Administrator if someone		
	knew of a malfunctioning door alarm.		
	g. The Administrator or designee will audit door		
	alarms daily to ensure functioning properly.		
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	The facility identified a census of 33 residents.		
	Findings Include:		
	Resident #1's Minimum Data Set (MDS) assessment		
	dated 12/6/23 identified a Brief Interview for		
	Mental Status (BIMS) score of 6, indicating severely		
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	impaired cognition. The MDS listed Resident #1		
	walked and transferred independently. The MDS		
	included diagnoses of bipolar disorder (mood		
	disorder), depression, and hypertension (increased		
	blood pressure).		
	The Care Plan reviewed 3/12/24 reflected Resident		
	#1 transferred and ambulated independently		
	without adaptive devices.		
	The Health Status Note on 3/13/24 at 1:50 PM		
	indicated the nurse noticed a certified nurse aide		
	(CNA) walk toward the desk and notify the Director		
	of Nursing (DON) that Resident #1 rang the		
	doorbell, and a CNA let him in to the facility.		
	Resident #1 reported he went to see what it's doing		
	outside. Resident #1 wore a short sleeve red shirt		
	and a red long sleeve shirt with sweatpants. The		
	temperature outside measured 68 degrees		
	Fahrenheit (F), but felt like 67 F. Resident #1 alert		
	per self, knows the year, however could not tell the		
	day of the week or month. Resident #1 walked per		
	normal, no edema, no limp noted, skin warm and		
	dry. Resident #1's assessment revealed a soft non-		
	distended, non-tender abdomen with normal bowel		
	sounds. He had no respiratory distress with even,		
	nonlabored respirations. Resident #1 placed on		
	hourly checks for forty-eight hours. The nurse		
	notified the Administrator at 1:52 PM. At 2:45 PM		
	the nurse received an order to apply a wandering		
	alert device and check every shift received. The		
	nurse applied the wandering alert device on his left		
	ankle. At 2:49 PM Resident #1's family called and		
	agreed with the plan of care, they didn't verbalize		
	any concerns.		
	The Health Status Note dated 3/13/24 at 2:48 PM		
	indicated the event occurred at 2:48 PM and the		
	nurse notified the Administrator at 2:52 PM, got the		
	order for the wandering alert device at 3:52 PM and		
	notified his family notified at 3:49 PM.		

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	The N Adv – Elopement Evaluation dated 3/13/24 at 8:34 PM reflected Resident #1 had an elopement score of 0.		
	On 3/20/24 at 10:50 AM the Director of Nursing		
	(DON) described Resident #1 as not a wanderer,		
	and he needed to encouragement to leave his		
	room. The staff reported seeing Resident #1 in the		
	dining room at 2:45 PM. The DON explained they		
	had everything in place for elopement risk. Such as,		
	doing 15-minute visual checks and documenting		
	them on the clipboard at the nurse's station. They		
	applied a wandering alert device on Resident #1.		
	The DON reported Staff F, CNA, discovered Resident		
	#1 outside. The door alarm did not activate.		
	Resident #1 did not have any injuries. Resident #1		
	exited through the front door. Resident #1 rang the		
	doorbell and staff assisted him into the door. The		
	front door is visible from the nurse's station.		
	Resident #1's room is visible to the front door.		
	According to statements DON obtained during the		
	facility investigation, they determined Resident		
	stayed outside for approximately 1-2 minutes.		
	On 3/20/24 at 11:15 AM Staff H, Maintenance,		
	reported the facility had 2 door alarm systems in		
	place, a door alarm system and a wandering alert		
	system The facility had the wandering alert system		
	located on the patio, the employee entrance, and		
	the front door. The facility tested the wandering		
	alert system at least once a day when Staff H		
	worked during the week, and didn't get tested on		
	the weekend. He explained the facility always had		
	the wandering alert system on. The facility had the		
	wandering alert system in place before the incident		
	on 3/13/24. The door alarm system didn't work on		
	the front door that day, the system had an override		
	malfunction. When opening or closing the front		
	door, it would set off the alarm even after the code		
	was entered in the key pad. Near the front door,		

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the facility had a key pad to override the		
malfunctioning system, so staff put in a code at the		
front door to open the door, and if the alarm went		
off they went to the keypad at the nurse's station		
to disarm it or shut the alarm off. After shutting off		
the alarm, then they reentered the key code at the		
nurse's station to reactivate the front door alarm.		
On 3/20/24 at 12:10 PM Staff A, Social Services		
Director/Activities, reported the DON notified her		
of the incident. She assisted the DON and		
Administrator in getting statements, making sure		
Resident #1 was safe, and gathering information		
regarding the incident. Staff A added she knew how		
to alarm and disarm the door system, but didn't		
have to do it that day. Staff A explained when she		
started the door system had that malfunction, but		
she never saw anyone alarm or disarm the door		
that day.		
On 3/20/24 at 1:08 PM Staff H remarked the door		
malfunctioned for approximately a month or so.		
Staff H called a door company and they came to the		
facility on 3/18/24 to look at the alarm. The		
company reported they would email back with a		
date they could come fix it. Watched Staff H at the		
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front door, put in the key code before opening the		
door, light turned green, Staff H opened the front		
door, and the alarm didn't sound. After he closed		
the door, the alarm sounded, Staff H went to the		
nurse's station, got a key from the key box and		
opened the override system lock box. He entered a		
key code to shut off the alarm, then entered the		
key code again to re alarm the front door. The		
override system displayed disarmed when he		
entered the code to disarm the alarm. When he re-		
alarmed it, the screen said alarmed, a red light for		
alarmed, and green light for disarmed. Staff H		
added all of the staff had access to the key at the		
nurse's station.		

On 3/20/24 at 11:46 AM Staff G, CNA, revealed she was at the nurse's station for shift change, she noticed Resident #1 went into the dining room. Staff G observed Resident #1 talking to a couple of	
noticed Resident #1 went into the dining room.	
Staff G observed Resident #1 talking to a couple of	
the other residents in the living room, then she	
turned back around to the nurse's station. Staff G	
revealed a few moments later she heard the	
doorbell ring, and when she turned around, she	
observed Staff F, CNA, walking through the	
threshold with Resident #1. Staff F walked Resident	
#1 to his room and reported he got outside. Staff G	
explained she didn't know for sure how long the	
front door alarm malfunctioned that way. She	
didn't know for sure what happened with the alarm	
system, but everyone had the job to make sure the	
front door was alarmed.	
On 3/20/24 at 1:30 PM Staff B, Licensed Practical	
Nurse (LPN), said she didn't know if the door alarm	
sounded. Staff B added the front door didn't work	
correctly for only a short time. Staff B revealed all	
staff have access to alarm and disarm the front	
door, located at the nurses' station. Staff B	
reported the facility had residents who sat in the	
dining/living room area that would say if someone	
went towards the door. Staff B didn't see anyone	
alarm or disarm the door at the nurses' station that	
day.	
On 3/20/24 at 2:05 PM Staff E, CNA, explained at	
the time of the incident, he passed ice water down	
the east hallway, he briefly looked up and saw	
Resident #1 walk to the dining room. He heard the	
doorbell ring and didn't remember hearing the door	
alarm go off. Staff E revealed he knew how to reset	
the door alarm and that all staff should check to	
make sure the door was alarmed. Staff E revealed	
that Resident #1 didn't usually wander out of his	
room. Staff E revealed he heard the doorbell ring	
and came out of a resident's room but didn't know	

if anyone got outside and didn't see who answered		
it.		
On 3/20/24 at 3:30 PM the Administrator revealed		
he went to the grocery store to get Gatorade for		
another resident. When he looked at his watch, it		
said 2:47 PM, he said as he approached the street,		
he looked at the building and didn't see anyone		
outside. The Administrator explained he received a		
message to get to the facility right away, as		
Resident #1 got outside. When he returned to the		
facility, he started the investigation. The		
Administrator added Resident #1 didn't get close to		
the front door, he sat at the first table in the dining		
room if he came out of his room. He stated Staff F		
found him outside. The Administrator reported the		
day after the incident, the facility completed an		
elopement drill and Resident #1 didn't want to		
participate or get close to the front door. The		
Administrator reported with encouragement		
Resident #1 could open the front door during the		
drill. The Administrator said Staff H completed door		
checks every morning and the door has been		
malfunctioning the last couple weeks.		
The facility report named Logbook Documentation		
Doors lacked documentation, indicating the facility		
didn't check the door alarms on 2/15/24, 2/18/24,		
2/24/24, 2/25/24, 2/27/24, 3/3/24, 3/8/24,		
3/10/24, 3/16/24 and 3/17/24.		
3/10/24, 3/10/24 and 3/1//24.		
$O_{\rm P} = 2/20/24$ at 4.20 DN4 the DON several states		
On 3/20/24 at 4:20 PM the DON revealed the		
facility didn't have cameras. Resident #1 didn't have		
visitors and never did. In addition, the facility didn't		
have anything outside to catch his attention. The		
DON denied hearing the doorbell or the door alarm.		
Re-interview on 3/20/24 at 4:33 PM Staff G		
reported Resident #1 didn't have visitors, nothing		
outside to catch his attention, he had a shed he		
could see through his window with people going in		
could see through his window with people going in		

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	and out of it. Staff G revealed she didn't hear the		
	door alarm, but did hear the doorbell. When the		
	doorbell sounded, Staff F stood next to her and		
	then Staff F left the area. Staff G assumed Staff F		
	answered the doorbell, but she didn't see Resident		
	#1 outside until Staff F and him crossed the		
	threshold to the dining room.		
	Re-interview on 3/21/24 at 9:30 AM Staff B		
	explained the facility had a stop sign in place before		
	the incident on 3/13/24. All of the facility's exit		
	doors had stop signs in place.		
	On 3/21/24 at 2:30 PM Staff F, CNA, reported she		
	came to work at 2:00 PM, noticed the front door		
	alarm not alarmed, so she went and alarmed the		
	door. Staff F revealed she knew it wasn't alarmed		
	by the override system at the nurse's station. Staff F		
	revealed that around 2:45 to 3:00 PM the doorbell		
	rang and she went to answer it. As she answered it		
	she saw Resident #1 outside. Staff F, let Resident #1		
	in, and looked around to see if he was alone. Staff F		
	revealed Resident #1 said he went outside to get		
	fresh air and she asked how he got out here, he said		
	he went through the front door. Staff F revealed the		
	stop sign was not up when she went to answer the		
	door. Staff F revealed she took Resident #1 up to		
	the front desk to let the DON and Staff B, LPN,		
	know. Staff F stated Resident #1 never attempted		
	to leave the building, that he barely left his room.		
	Staff F thought maybe because it was nice out		
	Resident #1 wanted to get out. Staff F said Resident		
	#1 didn't have any injuries, no visitors, and no		
	physician appointment, nothing out of the ordinary		
	that day for him, Staff F stated when she heard the		
	doorbell rang she was coming out of the east hallway, and didn't hear the door alarm before the		
	doorbell. Staff F described the previous door alarm		
	as loud and that it finally went out. Staff F added		
	the new one didn't sound loud enough and needed		
	to be replaced, when asked if she alarmed the door		

at 2 PM when she came on shift and she didn't hear the door alarm when Resident #1 went outside, she said she felt someone disarmed the door in		
between the time she alarmed it and when Resident #1 went outside.		
The Elopement Management Policy dated 2023 directed clinical processes that address a resident's risk of elopement from the premises or a safe area without authorization and/or necessary supervision to do so. a. Identification and implementation of individualized approaches to provide the resident with a safe and secure environment. b. Evaluation of the resident's individualized plan of care and validation of effectiveness of interventions c. Based on the resident's evaluation, the interdisciplinary Team develops an individualized care plan to prevent elopement. This will include interventions specific to the risk factors identified. If the facility uses a Wandering alert device or like system, then the Environmental Services Director/designee checks the functionality of that system daily. Environmental Services also checks the security system on a monthly basis through the TELS system. d. The Environmental Services Director/designee tests and documents that exit doors are secured and that alarms or electronic keypad locks function		
as designed. Interview with the Administrator on 3/21/24 revealed they did not start documenting the		
communication between the door company and the facility regarding the repair of the malfunctioning front door alarm. The first communication documented listed a date of 3/13/24, the day of the incident.		
FACILITY RESPONSE		